

Alexandria

AND COMMERCIAL



Advertiser

INTELLIGENCER.

Vol. III.]

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22, 1863.

No. 781.

Public Vendue.

On FRIDAY,

10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogheads and barrels.

French Brandy in pipes,

Gin in pipes and bls.

Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.

Sugar in hhd's, tierces and bls.

Coffee in tierces and bags,

Chocolate

White and brown Soap } in boxes,

Mould and dip'd Candles

Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,

Figs in kegs and frails,

Queens Ware in crates,

FURNITURE, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS,

Among which are,

Cloths, Coatings,

Kerseys, Duffels,

Plains and Kerseys,

Negro Cottons, Serges,

Elasticks, blue Friezes,

Calimancoes and Ruffs,

Yarn Stockings,

Chintzes and Calicoes,

Irish Linens, Silecia do.

Platillas,

Onaburges and Ticklenburgs,

Muslins and Muslin Hand'ts,

India Muslins and Table Cloths

Bandanna Handkerchiefs,

Coloured Threads, Hats,

And sundry other Articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

June 17.

Sales by Auction.

SATURDAY,

10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union Streets.

Rum in hhd's. and barrels,

Whiskey in barrels,

Apple Brandy in barrels,

Gin in casks,

Wine in pipes and quatter casks,

Molasses in hhd's.

Sugar in hhd's. and barrels,

White and brown Soap in boxes,

Coffee in casks and bags,

Raisins in kegs and boxes,

Queen's Ware, and

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS.

AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths,

Calimancoes,

Kerseys,

Coatings,

Halfbacks,

Rearnaught,

Blankets,

Plains,

Negro Cottons,

Worsted and other

Stockings,

Irish Linens,

Calicoes,

Threads,

Chintzes,

Bedticks,

Oznaburges,

Sewing Silks,

Muslin and Muslin

Handkerchiefs,

India Cottons, &c

&c.

THOS. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

June 22.

Molasses, Almonds, &c.

Twenty hhd's. retailing Molasses of a

superior quality,

Twenty frails fresh Almonds,

A quantity of loaf and lump Sugar in

bls. & bls.

Ten tierces fresh Rice, received per

Gen. Celia, from N. York, and for sale

J. and T. VOWELL.

They have on hand,

24 hhd's. St. Kitts Rum, 2d and 3d

proof,

100 bls. Pork,

40 do. brown Sugar,

Muscadel and bloom Raisins,

50 tons Plaster,

A few quarter casks

London particular Madeira Wine.

May 25.

Printing in all its va-

riety executed at this office

with neatness and dispatch.

FOR RENT,

(Possession may be had immediately)

The subscribers' brick Ware-house and dwelling House, situated on Prince Street, with or without the adjoining Warehouses.

Further description is unnecessary. Those who are inclined, can view the premises and know the terms.

WM. HODGSON.

June 10.

For Sale,

A TRACT OF LAND

Near the town of Alexandria, adjoining the lands of Charles Alexander and Benjamin Dulaney, containing about one hundred and ten acres, being a moiety of a tract called Pearson's tract: Upon this Land are some handsome and commanding prospects of the town and country. It will be sold altogether, or in lots of ten or twenty acres each, as may suit purchasers. The sale will commence upon the land on the thirteenth day of July next. Notes negotiable in the Bank of Alexandria, at sixty days, with good endorers, will be received in payment.

JOHN WEST,

LUD. LEE.

June 7.

JOSEPH RIDDLE and Co.

HAVE IMPORTED

SPRING GOODS,

In the William and John from London.

They expect an additional assortment

by the ship United States from Liverpool.

May 5.

HARDWARE, &c.

BY the United States, the

subscriber has received an extensive assort-

ment.

Also,

A variety of Tools, Looking Glasses,

&c. manufactured in this country.

PHILIP WANTON.

5th mo. 9th

For Sale,

Philadelphia Loaf and Lump

Sugar,

Three pipes old Lisbon Wine,

Pennsylvania and Swedish Bar Iron,

One pair Burr Mill Stones, 5 feet dia-

meter,

One pair Cologne do. about 5 feet.

And at the Mill,

Shorts and Bran,

Ship Stuff,

Indian Meal,

Rye Meal,

Oats,

Plaster of Paris by the bushel.

William Hartshorne.

5th Mo. 20.

WILLIAM OXLEY,

Has received per the William and John,

from London, and the United States,

from Liverpool,

DRY GOODS,

Suitable for the season, which are now

offered for Sale, at his Store in King-

Street, upon terms agreeable to the pur-

chasers.

May 11.

JUST RECEIVED,

Thirteen Hundred lbs. dry, well cured

Venison Hams,

A few hundred sweet Oranges of an ex-

cellent flavor, fresh Lemons,

A few bls. new Pork and Herrings, very

good.

Also—Seed Potatoes of an ex-

cellent quality by the barrel or bushel.

ALSO,

A few barrels of Apples and

fresh Prunes.

Thos. Simms.

April 22.

For BOSTON,



The SCHOONER

PRESIDENT,

William V. Lynch, Master;

To sail in all next week.

For Freight or Passage apply to the master

on board, at Merchants' wharf, or to

HENRY K. MAY & Co.

Who have landing and for sale, from said

schooner,

130 tons Plaster of Paris.

June 11.

For Cowes & a Market,



The fine, fast sailing, new Ship

America,

Isaac Stone, Master,

with elegant accommodations

for Passengers—will sail on or about the

20th inst. having the greatest part of her

cargo on board. For terms apply to the

Captain on board.

June 18.

Ricketts, Newton and Co.

Have for Sale,

50 boxes Segars,

6 pipes old Madera Wine,

5 trels's Threads,

100 pieces Bandanoes,

10 bales Cotton,

1 trunk low pric'd Calicoes,

2 butts French Brandy,

50 boxes Soap and Candles,

4 boxes Wool and Cotton Cards,

50 kegs Tobacco (James river)

20 bls. Beef and Pork,

10 hhd's Sugar,

10 tons Swedish Iron,

20 boxes Chocolate,

100 reams Wrapping Paper,

100 do. Writing do.

French and Nova Scotia Plaster,

Lisbon and Turk's Island Salt.

A large quantity of Bran to be sold ve-

ry cheap, if taken away soon.

They are giving Cash for

Wheat, Flour, Corn, Rye and Tobacco,

April 2.

JAMES WILSON

Has received by the ship William and

John, capt. Woodhouse, from London,

SPRING GOODS,

which will be opened and for sale imme-

diately at his warehouse.

Also—Brown Stout in casks of

6 doz. each.

May 5.

Just Received,

Excellent Bacon Hams,

(salt petre'd)—Also,

MATTHEWSON CHEESE,

Fresh Oranges and Lemons,

Tamarinds, Cocoa Nuts, and few boxes

first quality Havana Segars.

J. DYSON.

May 4.

For Sale,

100 Barrels of Prime Pork,

10 Hhd's. Molasses,

A quantity of coarse Liverpool and

Cadiz Salt,

Nova Scotia & English Grindstones,

Also—A few packages of superfine

Cloths and Cassimeres by the package, or

piece, on very low terms, and 6 cases felt

Hats.

Wm. HODGSON.

June 10.

Ten Dollars Reward,

For apprehending JAMES LOVE,

who deserted from the rendezvous on the

14th instant. He is an Irishman, thirty

three years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high,

black hair, grey eyes, rudy complexion,

had on when he left this, a bath coating

roundabout jacket and trowlers. The

above reward will be paid for confining

him in jail, or delivering him to me or

any commissioned officer in the United

States' army.

ADDISON B. ARMISTEAD,

Lieut. of Artillery.

Dumfries Rendezvous,

June 18.

BORDEAUX CLARET.

JUST RECEIVED,

And for sale by the subscribers, corner

of Prince and Water streets, a

few casks of

CLARET WINE,

at a reduced price,

JOSIAH FAXON, Co.

June 9.

en2w

Just Published,

By Robert & John Gray,

And for sale at their Book & Stationary

Store in King street,

THEODORE CYPHON:

OR,

THE BENEVOLENT J

For the Alexandria Advertiser.

CARD TO MENTOR.

MIRA's respectful compliments wait on MENTOR, begs him to believe his advice was gratefully received, and shall be strictly attended to. Acknowledges him correct in several remarks, but can no way admit that either a spirit of envy or ill nature produced the trifling production alluded to; far different, indeed, were the feelings which gave it birth. MIRA assures MENTOR, that, in his card of Saturday evening last, he addressed her as MIRA, alias ELLEN, alias PHILANDER, that the two last, are quite unknown to her, be the purity of thought what it may. But should PHILANDER be the person she suspects, he will give no room, for the same admonitions.

But, why, O Mentor, why art thou my foe;
What have I said, or done to prove thee so?
None have I wrong'd that mem'ry can recall;
None do I hate that I should meet with gail;
Nor have I fought by any cruel art,
To wound the feelings of another's heart;
But if the adverse fates, I fain would shun,
Have so decreed it, and the deed is done;
I now appeal to all the powers divine,
Whate'er the act, 'twas done without design;
Nor did I think lines traced thro' a tear,
Should to the world as arrogance appear!
What mighty gift have I, that I should boast?
Do I possess the jewel valued most,
When Henry said, he would prefer a mind
Of elegance, to ease and wealth combined?
No! here all such pretensions I resign,
The gem is not, nor ever will be mine!
Ah no! 'twas Emily's polish'd mind I drew,
Who as a lily in retirement grew;
Who as a lily, droop'd her youthful head,
When from her sister's cheeks the roses fled;
And tho' a flower, in fullest, fairest bloom,
Bade all adieu, for her Almenna's tomb.
Ah would their quiet, peaceful graves were mine,
How glad would I this tremulous breath resign?
But yet there is a more than earthly pow'r,
Which can support, when keen afflictions low'r;
Tho' rude the tempest, tho' the waves beat high,
I shall not sink, when that support is nigh;
Then, Mentor cease, I to that power appeal,
And, not to man, who can no pity feel.

MIRA.

June 20.

Anti-Democrat, of Baltimore,
By GEORGE L. GRAY.

THIS paper is published three times a week, price to subscribers Five Dollars per annum, payable in advance.

THE avowed and constant object of the Republican, or Anti-Democrat, has always been, and is, to combat the erroneous principles, and to expose the glaring falsehoods of the democratic party, which in this country has long endeavoured, and now threatens, to overturn the constitution, and destroy the happiness of the United States. The extensive circulation and great patronage which it has hitherto met with, are strong proofs of the estimation in which it has always been held; and there is no reason to fear that under its present Editor it will lose any of its spirit, or neglect any of the duties it has imposed upon itself, in defence of the dearest rights of Americans.

SEVERAL of the papers containing the original Address of the Editor, have been forwarded to gentlemen in Alexandria, whose who desire to become subscribers. I am informed that he has appointed Cotton Stewart his agents here, and authorized them to give receipts for any money paid to them on account of the paper.

June 16.

Cash given for clean Linen and Cotton Rags.

From the CHARLESTON COURIER.

OBSERVATIONS

ON JUDGE CHASE'S CHARGE, AND THE REMARKS THEREON IN THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.

(Continued.)

THE writer of that curious article, then selects the following sentence from Judge Chase's Charge, "Liberty does not consist in the form of government," "in any country. A monarchy may be free, and a republic in slavery." And he breaks out into this novel and elegant expression, "Here we behold the cloven foot." "By such performances as this the public mind is to be prepared for monarchy."

Encountering the advocates of democracy our chief difficulty arises, not from their strength, but their weakness, not from what they write, but from what they have not read; in short, before they can be combated they require to be instructed. Knowing little and writing much, they write from the crude indigestion of their own minds, and of course produce matter which cannot be subjected to any test, because neither founded in any generally received principle, derived from any acknowledged authority, supported by any precedent nor recognized by any of those superior personages, whose wisdom and virtue have conferred the dignity and the force of law upon their opinions, and obtained for them the general concurrence of mankind. In their minds the histories of Herodotus, Thucydides or Livy, of Hume, Robertson, Ferguson or Gillies are of equal authority with those renowned ones of Gleaner, Jack Hickathrift or Tom Thumb, and the cunning tricks of Reynard the Fox full as instructive as the wise and subtle discussions of Locke or Montesquieu. If the writer of the article alluded to, had laid in even a slender substratum of historical knowledge before he hazarded political discussions, he would have found that Judge Chase was right in saying that "Liberty did not consist in the form of government of any country," &c. &c. Liberty has been found to flourish under different forms of government; it has been also found to wither in one country beneath the very same form of government under which it has thrived in another. Of this abundant instances may be given from history. But it may be taken as a general rule, which, contrary to all general rules, will admit of no exception, that the constitution of the government of any country in order to be good must be adapted to the temper, opinions, habits, manners and dispositions of the people of that country; since some countries are as unfit for a republic, as emancipated negroes for the functions of civil life, or savages for the obedience necessary to the subsistence of society. It must not only be adapted in theory to the long received principles of the people—those principles which, (to use the words of a too neglected book) grew with their growth, and strengthened with their strength—but in point of practice also to their habits, customs, manners and feelings—and here it is, where the immeasurable gulph lies between the sound politician and the empirical pretender; between the man of genius, wisdom and learning, trained to the science of the human heart, and the adaption of laws to its purposes, and the poor, shabby, upstart prattler on the common place of parter house politics.

"To the immeasurable and unspeakable power of the Deity, as the Being of infinite perfection, alone belongs the omniscience which sees all things in their first cause. While to us poor, weak, incapable mortals there is no rule of conduct so safe as experience."

Mr. Charles Fox, whose opinions when they were against the French revolutionary constitution, may surely be admitted, has himself given evidence against the presumption of Constitution mongers. In the violent debate in the house of commons of England, on the 6th of May, 1791, he said that he suspected that the French constitution was none of the best, "because (said he) if all the wisest men of all ages could be collected together for the purpose, they would not, I am convinced, be able to make a new constitution of original excellence."

But what the bold, aspiring and unrivalled genius of Charles Fox depaired of, and what all the wise men of all countries and all ages united could not do, there is not a democratic whistler in politics but would undertake to dispatch on a sheet

of letter paper. Like Horace's bad poet. Stans pede in uno.

For our part we are as firmly convinced as we are of any of the common operations of nature, that it would at this moment be as impossible to make France free as to enslave England or America. And that it would be as great madness and wickedness, and as ruinous to both; and we believe as impossible also, to make England an unmixed republic, as to make America a mixed monarchy. England has the government best suited to her. She can be safely nothing but a mixed monarchy—America, nothing but a republic—France, nothing but a despotism. Long time only introducing gradual, imperceptible change, can ever give freedom to the slaves who have for a long time been chained to the oar of despotism.

It is because the federal constitution did not assume to strain away, or guide, or drive, but contented itself to follow the accustomed opinions, the habits, and dispositions of the people, that it has been pronounced by all the wise men of Europe, and found at home by experience, to be good. No new incongruous principles at variance with the received notions and customs of the country were introduced into it. The tinkers of the Rights of Man, who have for 12 years past, gone about making ten holes for one they have stoped, had not then crawled forth in swarms over the earth, crying "governments to mend." The vendors of political wares had not gone about with their pedlar's packs of constitutions on their back, rapping at every door to solicit customers. Abbe Seiyes had not then opened his full assorted pigeon holes—and all went well. What may happen hereafter it may, perhaps, be difficult to conjecture. But surely it may be allowable to assert, that if the party entrusted with the care of our constitution continue to carouse and drink deep, and to make the people pledge them in repeated toasts of three times three, in the raw spirits of liberty, unqualified and unbrought down, the country will soon exhibit one disgraceful scene of intoxication, madness and misery.

What a dilemma, then, would the world be reduced to, if the objection alluded to were well founded. First, if it were so, there could be but one kind of government upon earth, and all those to whom that kind would not be adaptable, must be fain to be in a state of bad government for centuries.

But let us resort to facts, and supply our antagonists with something more than they supply their readers; unfounded *ipse dixit*. "A monarchy may be free and a republic in slavery"—so says Judge Chase—and, may the opinion of the great politician from whom we differ, so say we also. And we will prove it.

Had the writer of that article had even a school boy's grounding in history, he could not have overlooked the various afflicting influences presented to view by history, of the tyrannical power exerted in republican governments. Referring to modern times, in the republic of Venice, which once had its tribunes, its consuls, under the name of Master of the Horse, and its democratic Presidents, under the title of Doge, there existed a political inquisition, which struck terror into every heart, and at last reduced her once gallant and energetic citizens to the most abject degradation. The same too may be said of Genoa.

In ancient history, looking to Athens, it will be found that the most abominable acts of despotism were continually exercised, by majorities of the people against their fellow citizens; and there is this remarkable turpitude in all acts of popular despotism, that they involve in them the most atrocious vices which debase humanity, and make the hearts of all good men recoil with horror from their own species. Ingratitude, far prominent and distinguished from the rest. And looking to Rome, it will be seen that the whole history of that republic was one continued tissue of alternate mutual despotism and tyrannical cruelty of party over party.

On the other hand, is it not to a monarchy the world is at this day indebted for civil and religious liberty. Is it not to England, Europe and America are indebted, the one for what little, and the other for the great all they enjoy of political knowledge and freedom. Was it not England that first burst the religious fetters for ages imposed by Popish priestcraft and imposture on the mind. Is it not in England that liberty at this day makes her firm stand, against the assaults

of despotism on the one hand, and the deductions of vicious licentiousness on the other. But what more need be said on this subject than this, that the monarchy of England lies embalmed in immortality in the eulogy and recorded admiration of Montesquieu, and all wise men, and in the investives of all stupid and wicked democrats.

Probably that writer is as incapable of making a distinction between monarchy and despotism, as he is between republicanism and democracy. Let him read Montesquieu's works, and be instructed.

Thus have we proved, by reference to facts, what we undertook to prove, viz, that Judge Chase spoke in strict conformity to truth, when in his charge he said, "Liberty does not consist in the form of government in any country. A monarchy may be free, and a republic in slavery."

That we may never add one more to the afflicting proofs of the latter now recorded in history, is our earnest prayer, and shall be the object of our indefatigable labours.

PORTLAND, June 13.

From the West Indies.

Capt. Clapp, from Antigua, informs, that when he left there (May 22) a warm press of seamen was continued; and that it was the opinion of the merchants and others, that war would immediately commence between France and England. A short time before he sailed an English sloop of war arrived at Antigua with dispatches to the commandant, took on board all the seamen she could get, and sailed immediately for other ports.

Mr. Jewett, of this place, who arrived on Saturday in the Apollo, from Martinique, informs that the French were making active preparations there for war, which was very confidently expected; and that three transports with troops, and six sail with naval stores, &c. had just arrived from France. The Apollo was spoken on her passage by an English cutter, the commander of which informed that he had orders for impressing seamen, and was in daily expectation of a declaration of war.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.

Arrived, ship Active, Tallman, Bremen; brig Charleston Packet, Hughes, Charleston; sch'r Charming Mary, Potter, Norfolk; Alexander, Hunt, Turks Island.

Cleared, ship Brothers, Wicks, St. Kitts; brig Flora, Glenn, West Indies; Sarah, Woodman, Bilbao; sloop Patience, Montgomery, N. York.

Arrived ship Active, Tallman, Left at Bremen, on the 9th May, ship —, Waters, of Baltimore. May 19, spoke a brig from the Isle of Wight, the captain of which informed, that he left there on the 7th May, and that then an embargo was daily expected. May 25, lat. 48, 39. N. long. 35, 30. W. fell in with the wreck of a yellow sided brig, with a figure head, about 150 tons, name, &c. unknown.

Brigs Lovely Lucy, Brewer, for Philadelphia, and Lovely Lals, Burbank, for N. York, were at Port au Prince the 1st inst. to sail the 5th.

The ship Commerce, —, 32 days from Bordeaux to Charleston, was spoken the 11th inst. in lat. 32, long. 72. The captain informed, that war was not declared when he sailed, which was on the 9th ultimo.

BALTIMORE, June 19.

Arrived, the fine ship D. Anna, Homans, 11 days from Boston.

Also, the French ship L'Esper, Dittenaudy, 12 days from Cape Francois. Left several Americans there, names not recollected. Brings nothing new—no fresh arrivals of troops.

Also, Spanish brig Santa Anna, Manuel Gil, 15 days from Havannah.

Also brig Grand Turk, Taylor, from Providence, (R. I.)

Also schooner Sufanna, Hayes, 14 days from Antigua. Left a number of American vessels, none belonging to this port.

A list of vessels lying in St. John's in the island of Antigua, June 4th, 1803. Brig Charleston, to sail for New York in 7 days; Olive, of New York, captain Fowler, in 6 days for St. Croix; sch'r William Henry, Tinker, of Newbern, to sail for do in 4 days John and William, for Swanborough (N. C.) in 7 days; Lucy Griffith, of Kingston; Lewis, for St. Thomas; Delight, of Providence, Turner, in 2 days for Turks Island; brig Cignet, of Saybrook, Watts, for M.

York, in 14 days; sican, of Newbern, in 10 days; Mary, London, in 2 days Philadelphia, bound distress.

Several other vessels left. Sailed the 3rd Drake, captain Seaw.

June 2. Arrived, brig Tw.

of Vienna, in 20 days.

Left there, Brig Isabella, capt.

Baltimore, in 20 days.

Brig Dianna, Wood.

in 5 days. Brig Laurel, Brown.

days. Schooner Julian, Carolina, soon.

Sch'r Washington, in 8 days.

KNOXVILLE

We learn, that a few weeks since, from ville, were attacked on them and killed a. The company had a co of money, none of w into the hands of the after the above affair, rider and some other on; no injury was suf.

Alexandria

WEDNESDAY,

A letter from Cape I infant, to a respectable Baltimore, states, that with 300 troops on 300,000 dolls. for the just arrived off that joyful intelligence that war between England and nished, as the difference nations had been adjusted was 26 days from Brest. on learning that the h at Port Republican, p port.

This vessel, agreeably ter, must have left Brest 11th May; and as an of paper printer in Pennsylv of a doubtful article, "I shall hear more about it."

Extra of a letter from Amsterdam, to his fr

phia, dated April 2,

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June 20.
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York, in 14 days; schooner Fair American, of Newbern, Wilton, for N. York; in 10 days; Mary, Douglass, for New-London, in 2 days; brig Maria, from Philadelphia, bound to Spain, put in in distress.

Several other vessels, name not recollected. Sailed the 3d of June, the brig Drake, captain Seaward, for Norfolk.

June 20.
Arrived, brig Two Brothers, Swain, of Vienna, in 20 days from Trinidad, left there.

Brig Isabella, captain Craig, of and for Baltimore, in 20 days.

Brig Dianna, Wood, for Newbedford, in 5 days.

Brig Laurel, Brown for Boston, in 10 days.

Schooner Julian, Jenkins, for North Carolina, soon.

Sch'r Washington, Millet, for Boston, in 8 days.

KNOXVILLE June 6.

We learn, that a company travelling, a few weeks since, from Natchez to Nashville, were attacked by Indians who fired on them and killed a Mr. Reuben White. The company had a considerable quantity of money, none of which, however, fell into the hands of the banditti. Shortly after the above affair, the Natchez post rider and some other persons were fired on; no injury was sustained.

Alexandria Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22.

A letter from Cape Francois of the 6th instant, to a respectable French house in Baltimore, states, that "a French frigate, with 300 troops on board, and about 300,000 dolls. for the military chest, had just arrived off that port, and gave the joyful intelligence that all appearance of a war between England and France had vanished, as the differences between the two nations had been adjusted." The frigate was 26 days from Brest. Her commander on learning that the head quarters were at Port Republic, proceeded to that port.

This vessel, agreeably to the above letter, must have left Brest on or about the 11th May; and as an old German newspaper printer in Pennsylvania used to say of a doubtful article, "it is true, we shall hear more about it."

[Balt. Fed. Gaz.]

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Amsterdam, to his friend in Philadelphia, dated April 2, 1803.

"Lastly, dear friend, I must communicate to you some very agreeable news. About 8 days ago, arrived here quite unexpectedly, 2 ships full of citizens of the canton of Basle about 150 souls in all, who will exchange their native country against that of the United States, I went immediately on board the vessels, & to my greatest joy, found that your dear brother was the first leader of a division, whom I immediately heartily welcomed, and offered to assist him with my few powers, both by advice and action; his colleagues, likewise leaders of the same division (which consists of about 70 souls) are — and — both brave men. In general the whole consists of people, whom every country should receive with open arms.

With money, linen, and beds, in short with every necessary, they seem to be very well provided; and at their (God grant) safe arrival on the American shores, they want nothing more than land, and iron to clear it.

I give you on purpose early information of the arrival of your countrymen, that you may look out one thing or another for them. As much as I can learn from them, they do not wish to remain long in the city, but wish to go soon into the country. In about ten days time, they sail from hence, and weather permitting, I could have wished that Mr. — had had a ship here in order to earn this good freight; we hear nevertheless, that during the ensuing summer, more trains of people will arrive here from Switzerland, so that passengers will not be wanting, if there are only vessels here, &c."

Extract of a letter from Capt. C. Tompkins of the ship —, to his friend in Frederickburg, dated April 10, 1803.

"We arrived here on the 30th ult. after a pleasant passage of 36 days from

Norfolk. On my passage saw the wreck of a brig at sea, we passed within 50 yards of her, she appeared to be a new vessel, with the Sarah of Philadelphia, on her stern both masts were gone, and the vessel full of water, no person on board, suppose all have perished.

Price current in the island of Antigua, June 4, 1803.

Pork from 15 to 16 dollars per bbl.

Beef 10 to 12 do. do.

Herrings 3 1/2 do. do.

Flour 6 to 8 do.

Indian corn 6s. 6d. per bushel, 9s. 10 the dollars, plenty

Butter and lard, no demand

Hams 15 cents per lb.

Lumber 18 to 22 dollars per thousand, dull sale

Hoops 20 do. do.

Rum 4s. per gallon

Molasses 3s. 9d. per do.

Sugar 8 dollars.

Arrived from Guadaloupe, two French schooners, and purchased flour at 8 dollars per barrel; the account was that flour was from 12 to 13 dollars per barrel.

LOUISIANA.

We are not speaking at random, when we say, it is generally known in France, that one of the most ridiculous propositions which ever fell from the feverish fancy of a new politico philosophico fanatic, has been made by the American Executive to the Consulate—and has not only not met with any serious entertainment from that body, but on the contrary excited much merriment among them, at the expense of this country, and no little contempt for its rulers. And as merriment is contagious, the fun has reached London itself, where it has actually overcome the phlegm of John Bull, and made him roar with obsequious mirth in every coffee-house. Some there will not believe it; others pretend not to believe it; by way of tossing out the ball of mirth; but many make it the topic of discourse. The worst of it is, that it is said, (with what truth we cannot take upon us to affirm) that our President has backed his propositions with two draughts, one on his banker, the other on his eloquence; but as one was nearer to his own economical nature, and the other fairer in his self complacent eye, than they were to the expectations or taste of Talleyrand, they only served to heighten the ridicule very considerably. The Consulate think it enough to profit by the cosmopolitan cant of the day, but nothing is further from them than any intention to practise it.

These being their notions, it will cost our readers very little to believe, that a foreign state paper, professing to have for one of its objects the advantage of France, labouring to shew them that the proposed arrangement though advantageous to America was miraculously so to France, recommending it to that modest, disinterested body (who are known to be so apt to let slip through their fingers anything that may be turned to advantage,) not to be blind to their own interest, but to close with the proposal; that such a paper, we say, would not be very likely to excite any other emotion than contempt, or to receive any other return than ironical thanks or open derisions. It will readily be considered sufficiently probable that such a man as Bonaparte would hand it back to Talleyrand with a malignant sneer; and that Talleyrand might say—"The Consul is thankful to the President of the United States, for his high consideration, philanthropic advice, and tender concern for France and all the world; but being a little opinionate, and having no reason, as yet at least, to distrust his own judgment and that of his counsellors on the subject of what is or is not the interest of France, he requests (with all due submission to the President of the United States,) that he may be permitted without offence to follow the dictates of his own opinion; and he requests it the rather because he is determined to do so." [Courier.]

Mirabeau's Calculation.

"Do minds unaccustomed to reflect, imagine that there is not one of us but who at the twentieth generation for example, has a million, forty eight thousand, five hundred and seventy six ancestors; a simple arithmetical calculation establishes this astonishing and well known truth in the doctrine of consanguinity. Every body may convince themselves of it by making a geometrical progression, the first term of which is 2, and which

must always increase in a double ratio, since each of us has two ancestors, and that each of our ancestors owe their existence to two others. This progression therefore is 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, &c. They who have no idea of the prodigious augmentation of numbers which double in increasing, have only to pursue this progression to the degree in which they wish to determine the number of their ancestors.

"The calculation of the collateral degree far exceeds that of the direct gradation. The first term of the progression is only 1, but the second is 4, because there is a brother which makes with the father of him who calculates the two descendants of the first pair of ancestors. In the progression each couple of ancestors has two descendants, who augment in double ratio. In this latter they must augment quadruple ratio. The progression there fore will be 4, 16, 64, 256, 1024, 4096 &c. and we shall find in pursuing it, that each man has, in the twentieth degree, or the twentieth generation, 274,877,906, 944, or two hundred and seventy seven billions, eight hundred and seventy seven millions, nine hundred and six thousand, nine hundred and forty four ancestors."

Good Cider as easy made as bad.

To make cider of early or late fruit, that will keep a length of time, without the trouble of frequent drawing off.

Take the largest cask you have on your farm, from a barrel upwards, put a few sticks in the bottom, in the manner that house wives set a ley cask, so as to raise a vacancy of two or three inches from the bottom of the cask; then lay over these sticks either a clean old blanket, or, if that be not at hand a quantity of the windings of flax, so as to make a coat of about a quarter of an inch thick when it is well pressed down, then put in so much clean washed sand, from a beach or road, as will cover about 6 or 8 inches in depth of your vessel; pass all your cider from the press through a table cloth, suspended by the corners, which will take out the pumice, and pour the liquor gently upon the sand, through which it must be suffered to filter gradually, and as it runs off by a stop inserted in your vessel in the vacancy made by the sticks at the bottom, it will be found, by this easy method, as clear as cider can be expected, after the most laborious process of refining; and all the mucilaginous matter, which causes the fermentation and fouling of cider, will be so separated as to prevent that disagreeable consequence.

N. B. Other methods may be easily invented for passing the cider through the sand, which is the only essential part of the above process.

(Boston Weekly Magazine.)

I N K.

Mr. W. Clofe has made a great variety of experiments in order to ascertain the best method of making ink, which shall not be discharged by time or chemical processes; as the result of his enquiries, he recommends for black ink: Oil of lavender 200 grains, copal in powder 26 grains, lamp black from two and a half to three grains; with the assistance of a gentle heat dissolve the copal in the oil of lavender in a small glass phial, and then mix the lamp black with the solution upon a marble slab or other smooth surface. The composition is to be put in a bottle and kept from the air. If after a few hours, it be found too thick, it must be diluted with a little oil of lavender, oil of turpentine, or alcohol. For red ink: "Take of oil of lavender 120 grains, copal powder, 17 grains, red sulphur of mercury 60 grains." Both these compositions possess a permanent colour; the oil of lavender dissipated with a gentle heat, colour is left on the paper surrounded with copal a substance insoluble in water, spirits, acids, or alkaline solutions. A manuscript written with them, may therefore be exposed to the process commonly used for restoring the colour of printed books, without the smallest injury to the writing; and, in this manner, all interpolations with common ink may be removed.

London pap.

Wants a Situation,

A Young Man who is well acquainted with accounts and the mercantile business. Any gentleman wishing to employ such a person will be pleased to leave a line addressed to J. D. with the Printer hereof, which will be duly attended to.

June 20.

co31

ISAAC KELL, COPPERSMITH and TIN PLATE WORKER,

King street, two doors below Mr. Peter Sherrons's.

HAVING commenced business in the above line, thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of the public.

Wanted,

One Journeyman Tinman, and 2 boys of good character as apprentices.

June 22.

co12t

WANTED,

An active, faithful Lad to deliver this paper to subscribers in town. Liberal wages will be given.

STOP!

Before you "turn the Corner!"

THOMAS SIMMS

Has removed his store from the house he formerly occupied, to the one a few doors higher up, lately occupied by captain Willis, opposite to Roberts & Griffith's, where he has for sale as usual,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

FRUITS and GROCERIES,

AND,

5 Hogheads of West India Rum of a good flavor, Apple Brandy and Whiskey by the barrel, &c. &c.

June 21.

d

Douglass & Mandeville,

King street,

Have just received and for Sale,

150 tons Plaster of Paris.

Persons having water carriage for this article, will find an advantage in purchasing from us, as the greater part is now laying on the wharf.

ALSO,

A few hhds. retailing Molasses of an excellent quality.

June 17.

co6t

For Sale,

20 bales good COTTON, short staple,

A few qr. casks SHERRY, of superior quality,

Also,

Bills on London & New York.

A. HENDERSON, & Co.

June 16.

d3teost

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Have lately opened a

DRY GOODS' STORE,

in the house formerly occupied by Paton and Butcher, which they will sell low for Cash.

To Rent,

The back building belonging to said store; it is convenient for storing flour, &c.

Newton & Robey.

June 17.

co31

For Sale,

Nine good, young HORSES, fit for the saddle or harness. A credit of 90 days will be given, or Groceries will be taken in payment. Apply to

JOHN HODGKINS.

June 18.

co3t

For Sale, or Rent,

A 3 story BRICK HOUSE on King Street, next door to Renner and, Watts's, and is a good stand for business.

Also—a number of building LOTS on Fairfax Street, near the Presbyterian Meeting House; some on Wolf Street, and on Wilkes Street.

For Sale,

A small HOUSE and LOT on the East side of Water Street, near the corner of Duke Street.

A few bundles of new Hay, Eight Casks of Wrought NAILS, 8d. 10d. and 20d.

WM. HARTSHORNE.

Alex. 6th mo. 15th.

d

For Sale,

A handsome FORTE PIANO. Apply to

THOS. PATTEN.

May 24.

To Rent,

A HOUSE on Gibbon street. Possession may be had immediately. Apply to

GEORGE N. LYLES.

June 6.

d3w

HATS.

I have just received a few cases of English felt Hats, well assorted, and now for sale.

WM. HODGSON.

May 9.

We want to purchase,
Five thousand bushels of CORN, for
which Cash will be given, if delivered at
Cameron Mills.

RICKEYTS, NEWTON & Co.
Who have received by the Ship United
States.

Two trunks Cotton Hosiery
and to be sold on low terms by the pack-
age or dozen.

May 16.

BROADCLOTHS, CASSI-
MERES and HOSIERY
FOR SALE.

A few packages of superfine
broadcloths, Cassimeres and Hosiery, re-
ceived by the ship United States, on terms
highly advantageous to the purchasers.

Apply to Wm. HODGSON.
May 9.

JUST PUBLISHED,
By COTTON & STEWART,
AND FOR SALE

At their Bookstore, and the Bookstore of
J. V. Thomas,
(PRICE ONE DOLLAR.)

LETTERS

FROM HIS EXCELLENCY
Gen. GEO. WASHINGTON,

TO

Sir ARTHUR YOUNG,

AND

Sir J. SINCLAIR, Bart.

ON

AGRICULTURE,

AND

OTHER INTERESTING TOPICS.

Few works have been publish-
ed in America, that claim the agricultu-
rist's attention more than this. Added
to his own experiments, opinions and cal-
culations, it contains those of the most
eminent farmers in the middle states; col-
lected from them by himself, and trans-
mitted to the British Board of Agriculture
of which he was an honorary member.

April 25.

John Gardner Ladd

HAS FOR SALE,

At his Warehouse, Prince Street Wharf,

Loaf and brown Sugars,
West India and N. England Rum,
Coffee, Chocolate, fresh Teas,
New Rice, white and brown Soap,
Spermaceti and tallow Candles,
Sole Leather, Beef and Pork,
Lamp and Tanners' Oil,
French Brandy and Holland Gin,
Few boxes excellent Claret,
Bar Iron, stone Lime,
New Herrings and Shad,
A few bls. good Vinegar,
Cables and Cordage of all sizes,
Russia and Ravens Duck,
India Cottons, Nankeens,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Irish Linens, German do.
Pepper, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Ginger,
Allum, Copperas, Brimstone,
Cotton, Wool and Playing Cards,
Wrought and cut Nails,
A few boxes Olives, Capers and Sweet
Oil,

Writing Paper,
Mens' fine and coarse Hatts, &c.
June 2.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Has for sale at his store, opposite Dean and
Gardner's, Union Street,

The following Articles:

RUM of different kinds, Holland Gin,
French Brandy, Whiskey and Wines,
Loaf and brown Sugar,
Best green Coffee, Chocolate,
Hyson and Young Hyson Teas,
Tamarins, fresh Rice,
Muscadel Raisins by the box,
Fresh Figs, China Oranges,
Lemons and Limes,
Rhode Island Cheese,
Mens' Shoes of excellent quality,
Salmon in kegs,
Fine Rhode Island Potatoes,
Cavendish's Tobacco,
Best Havannah Segars,
Shad and Herrings by the bl.
Good firkin Butter,
Soap and Candles, and a general assort-
ment GLASS and CROCKERY WARE.

Just received one hhd.

FRESH LEMON JUICE,
which he offers for sale on very moderate
terms, by the gallon or smaller quantity.

ABEL WILLIS.

May 19.

By Virtue of a Deed of Trust to
the subscriber, will be exposed on the
premises, upon the 11th day of July
next,

A piece of Ground lying up-
on the fourth side of Duke street, and west
side of Fairfax street, in the town of Alex-
andria, extending with Duke street thirty
two feet six inches, and with Fairfax
street thirty two feet six inches, upon
this ground is erected a three story brick
house. The terms of sale are one third
of the purchase money upon the sale, an-
other third in three months, and the re-
mainder in six months; the two last pay-
ments to be secured by a trust upon the
property, if required, or in such other as
will be most satisfactory to the persons
now interested in the property.

JAMES KEITH, Trustee.

June 14.

SPANISH HIDES.

1200 Spanish Hides, just re-
ceived and for sale by

J. & J. H. TUCKER.

ALSO,

By the sloop Friendship, from Barba-
does, 10 hhd and 40 bbls first quality
SUGARS; and from New York, 10
boxes fresh Prunes. A general assortment
of Groceries as usual

May 6.

SPRING GOODS.

R. T. HOOE and Co.

Have received a general assortment of
Spring Goods, from London, by the ship
William and John.

They have likewise for sale,

Earthen and Stone Ware in
crates and pipes in boxes; German li-
nens; cotton in bags; porter in casks;
Madeira, Lisbon, Calcutta and Port
Wines in pipes and qr. casks, a few cases
of umbrellas and ladies fans.

Marble Slabs for Hearths, and a few
boxes of Slate for covering houses.

May 5.

SPRING GOODS.

William Lowry

Has just received, per the United States
from Liverpool,

AN ASSORTMENT OF
Spring Goods.

Also—Earthenware in crates assort-
ed, and nails in casks, which he is now
opening for sale at his store, two doors
below Cuthbert Powell's, King street.

Country merchants and others may find
it to their advantage to call on him as he
is determined to sell on the most reasona-
ble terms.

May 13.

BENJAMIN SHREVE, Jun.

Has for Sale on low terms, at his store,
corner of Prince and Union streets,

1700 bushels Cadiz SALT,

First quality Russia Cordage, assorted,
Old Sable Iron,
Sugar in hhd and barrels,
Pepper and Cassia,
Boxes fresh Raisins,
Sherry,
Malaga, and } WINES.
Catalonia
Barcelona Brandy,

Hyson Skin, and Souchong Teas,
Bales India Cottons, Checks and Calicoes,
China and Longee roman Handkerchiefs,
A few pieces Scotch Osnaburghs
Mould and dipt Candles,
Red Seal Leather,
A few pieces elegant Furniture.
March 17.

Turn the Corner.

The subscriber has at his store
in Union street, a parcel of excellent

Pine Apples,

which he will sell single or by the hun-
dred, as low as they were sold on board
the vessel that brought them here.

Also—Oranges, Limes, Le-
mons, lemon juice, raisins, figs, sheldarks,
cocoa nuts, with a general assortment of
Groceries.

Likewise—1000 lbs. superior
Rhode Island Cheese, and a parcel of very
fine Bacon.

ABEL WILLIS.

June 14.

VALUABLE PROPERTY,

For Sale or Rent.

THE three story BRICK
HOUSE on the corner of King and Co-
lumbus streets.

THOMAS PATTEN.

Dec. 29.

Robert and John Gray

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

A SUPPLY OF

Family & Patent Medicines,

—CONSISTING OF—

Chambaud's Antasthmatic Lo-
zenges; Ague and Fever Drops; Antibil-
lious Pills; Anodyne Essence for Head
Achs; Reanimating Solar Tincture; Dr.
Bardwell's genuine Eye Water; Atkinson's
Essence of Mustard; Scotch Ointment for
the Itch; Tooth Ach Drops; Aromatic
Lozenges; Essence of the Woods, &c. &c.

MATRIMONY.

IT is much to be regretted but indisputably
certain, that many persons of both sexes are de-
terred from entering into the married state, by
Secret Infirmities, which delicacy forbids them
to disclose; and there are not a few who being
already married, are rendered miserable for want
of those tender pledges of mutual love, without
which happiness in this state is at least very pre-
carious. It has been ascertained beyond a doubt
that those circumstances are occasioned by gene-
ral or partial relaxation or weakness in either
sex, and it is equally certain that the genuine A-
ROMATIC LOZENGES OF STEEL are the
best, if not the only remedy ever discovered for
this species of debility. When taken into the
stomach, they immediately dissolve and diffuse
themselves like a vapor through every pore,
producing effects at once delightful, salutary and
permanent. When the spark of life begins to
grow dim, the circulation languid, and the fa-
culties paralyzed, these Lozenges are found to
give tone to the nerves, exhilarate the animal
spirits, invigorate the body, and re-animate the
whole man. When aversion to exercise, loss of
depravity of appetite, and pallid countenance,
indicate approaching consumption, the delicate
female will be preserved and restored to health
and society by the benign influence of this medi-
cine. When the delusions of imagination, or
the force of bad example, have tempted unguarded
youth into the dangerous labyrinth of secret fen-
suality, debilitated his body, and impaired his
understanding, these Lozenges will protect him
from lingering disease, the infirmities of prema-
ture old age, and a wretched dissolution amidst
the agonizing reflections of conscious guilt. When
the sons and daughters of dissipation have
brought on themselves debility, relaxation, im-
becility, and a long train of nervous affections,
manifested by impaired memory, anxiety, agita-
tion, tremors, languor, paleness, emaciation, in-
digestion, apathy in men; hysterics, spasms, loss
of appetite, irregularity, weakness, abortion,
pains in the back, chest, &c. in women, the Lo-
zenges will restore health and vigor to the de-
literated frame, and cheerfulness and animation to
the mind.

Price One Dollar per packet.

Particular directions for their use are sealed up
with each, but as the great benefit to be derived
from them can only be secured by having them
genuine, the public are requested to observe that
the signature of Messrs. Thos. Stokes and Co.
are affixed to each packet, without which mark
of authenticity, they are not genuine.

Dr. Atkinson's genuine Essence of Mustard.
Rheumatism in every stage, instantly submits
to its penetrating powers, which has succeeded
in curing the most desperate cases of rheumatism,
gout, lumbago, sciatica, numbness, palsy and
complaints of the stomach, after various medi-
cines have proved ineffectual. It is prepared in
pills, and also in a fluid state. The pills are par-
ticularly serviceable in flatulencies and indigestion,
and by their salutary operation, promote perspi-
ration, and gradually undermine the most ob-
stinate rheumatism; and, at the same time,
invigorate the debilitated constitution. The fluid
essence is a remarkable active embrocation, ne-
cessarily used with the pills, and as generally ex-
cites a tingling sensation; it removes the causes
of pain, by bringing on a circulation in the parts
affected; by this means, frozen limbs, the se-
verest sprains and bruises, old strains and relaxa-
tions, are generally cured by a few applications.
The genuine is distinguished from counterfeits,
by the signature of Thomas Stokes and Co. being
affixed to each bottle; without which mark of
authenticity, none are genuine.

The genuine Scotch Itch Ointment.

The only medicine that cures this disagreeable
disease, by one application, so many thousands
having experienced its efficacy; it is unnecessary
to add any more arguments in its favor, but to
caution the public that the name Thomas Stokes
and Co. is affixed to each box, without this
mark of authenticity, none are genuine.

Dr. Bardwell's genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the
Eyes; speedily removes inflammations, dimness,
itchings, and films; it never fails to cure these
maladies which frequently succeed the measles,
small-pox, and fever; and is an unparalleled
strengthening of a weak sight.

Dr. Hunter's genuine Antibillious Pills.
An agreeable and certain preventive of that
predisposition to inflammatory and malignant
fever, which prevails at particular seasons of the
year. The rapid and increasing demand from
every part of the United States, and the West-
India islands, is the best evidence of their superi-
or excellence.

CHAMBAUD'S

Antasthmatic Lozenges.

A radical cure for coughs, colds, asthma
and consumptions, difficulty of breathing,
&c. &c.

Mr. CHAMBAUD, the sole prop-
rietor of this medicine, has the satisfaction to
announce that they have been the means of
relieving many persons in a most precari-
ous state of health. In common colds this

medicine produces so salutary a perspiration
that they generally are eradicated in a few
hours. Coughing, being prolonged by that
convulsive symptom termed the tickling in
the throat, it shortens its duration by pro-
moting sleep and strengthening the constitu-
tion. Pulmonary complaints, affecting the
breast and lungs; those affected with them
experience an almost immediate relief. As-
thmas and confined consumptions have re-
peatedly been eradicated by them. Infants
in the whooping cough, and women during
pregnancy, may take them without the
least fear of danger, and with the greatest
expectation of relief, nor can it be admini-
stered at an improper season.

Dr. BARDWELL'S

Anodyne Essence, for all kinds
of Head Achs.

THE renowned virtues of the Anodyne
essence, is now so generally known, that
it is no presumption in the Proprietor, to
say, that Head Achs, arising from whate-
ver cause, or however violent, instantly
submit to its penetrating powers. This in-
valuable Anodyne, has frequently suc-
ceeded after the best advice, and every
other remedy had failed; by its salutary
operation, it insensibly promotes circulation
and perspiration, and thereby prevents the
return of the most obstinate periodical head
achs.

Specific Drops for Deafness,

IS recommended as an inevitable Medi-
cine, for the speedy relief of this most af-
flicting complaint, and is proved by long
and extensive experience, to be absolutely
unparalleled; for many years have these
drops been used in Europe with amazing
success. Those who are unacquainted with
the great relief afforded by this invaluable
Medicine, are earnestly recommended to
try it. Few are the cases in which it has
not been of great service, and has very of-
ten perfected a complete cure.

HOOPING COUGH.

To Parents who have Children
afflicted with HOOPING
COUGH.

THIS Medicine is of the greatest impor-
tance, as it affords immediate relief, checks
the progress, and in a short time, entirely
removes the most cruel disorder to which
children are liable. The Lozenges are so
perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small,
that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Further particulars of the Medi-
cine above mentioned, will be hereafter
inserted.

June 13.

Notice,

In the matter of Josiah Watson.

A BANKRUPT.

The subscriber being duly appointed
sole Assignee of the Estate and Effects of
the said Josiah Watson, all persons in-
debted to the said Bankrupt, or that have
any of his effects in their custody or pos-
session, are hereby requested to pay and
deliver the same forthwith to the sub-
scriber, or to such person or persons only as
may by him be duly authorized to re-
ceive the same.

JOHN M'IVER,

June 3.

Pasturage.

THE subscriber has about 15 acres of
Land, adjoining Hunting Creek, under
good enclosure, with a water fence, where
HORSES and CATTLE will be taken
on pasturage.

ALEX. HENDERSON.

June 11.

A Warehouse to Let.

I will rent my Warehouse, situate on
King street, adjoining the mansion house
in which I live, opposite Mr. J. Kin-
caid's. Possession may be had immedi-
ately. It is very convenient for a Gro-
cery store, or a Flour Merchant. For
terms apply to

P. MARSTELLER.

June 2.

To Let,

A handsome two story brick HOUSE,
just now finishing. Also, a very hand-
some front room and cellar, well calculat-
ed for a store.

A. SCHOLFIELD.

June 18.

PRINTED DAILY BY
S. SNOWDEN.

AND C

Vol. III.]

Public Vendue

On FRIDAY,

at 10 o'clock, will be sold at

Store,

Rum in hogheads and

French Brandy in pipes,

Gin in pipes and bls.

Whiskey and Apple Brandy

Sugar in hhd. tierces and bls

Coffee in tierces and bags,

Chocolate

White and brown Soap

Mould and dip'd Candles

Raisins in kegs, boxes and ja

Figs in kegs and frails,

Queens Ware in crates,

FURNITURE, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GO

Among which are,

Cloths, Coatings,

Kerseys, Duffels,

Plains and Kerseys,

Negro Cottons, Serges,

Elaficks, blue Friezes,

Calimancoes and Russels,

Yarn Stockings,

Chintzes and Calicoes,

Irish Linens, Silefia do.

Platillas,

Osnaburghs and Ticklenburg

Muslins and Mullin Hand

India Muslins and Table C

Bandanna Handkerchiefs,

Coloured Threads, Hats,

And sundry other Arti

P. G. MARSTEL

June 17.

Sales by Auction.

SATURDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the

Store, the corner of King and

Breets.

Rum in hhd. and bar

Whiskey in barrels,

Apple Brandy in barrels,

Gin in casks,

Wine in pipes and quatter cas

Molasses in hhd.

Sugar in hhd. and barrels,

White and brown Soap in box

Coffee in casks and bags,

Raisins in kegs and boxes,

Queen's Ware, and

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOOD

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths,

Cassimeres,

Kerseys,

Coatings,

Halfsticks,

Fearnought,

Blankets,

Planes,

Negro Cottons,

Worsted and other

Stockings,

THOS. PATTEN, Auctioneer

June 22.

Molasses, Almonds, &c

Twenty hhd. retailing Molass

very superior quality,

Twenty frails fresh Almonds,

A quantity of loaf and lump Su

hhd. & bls.

Ten tierces fresh Rice, receiv

brig Celia, from N. York, and

J. and T. VOWE

They have on hand,

24 hhd. St. Kitts Rum, 2d

proof,

100 bls. Pork,

40 do. brown Sugar,

Muscadel and bloom Raisins,

50 tons Plaster,

A few quarter casks

London particular Madeira

May 25.

Printing in all it

riety executed at this

with neatness and dispat